

2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

	(Consumer Confidence Report)									
	Safe – High Quality	– Drinking Water – Right From Your Tap								
tion	Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023.	For more information regarding this report contact: Mr. Peter Williams ~ (972) 736-2592								
Culleoka Water Supply Corporation 3388 FM 982 Princeton, Texas 75407 (972) 736-2592	This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.	Public Participation Opportunities Date: Every third Tuesday of the month Time: 7:00 p.m. Location: 3388 FM 982 Princeton, Texas 75407								
	Culleoka WSC provides Purchased Surface Water from the City of Princeton via NTMWD and the Wylie Water Treatment Plant located in Collin County.									
ater Supply 3388 FM 982 Princeton, Texas 75407 (972) 736-2592	Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en espanol, favor del llamar al telefono (972) 736-2592.	Board of Directors:								
T 338 338 cetor (972)	750 2572.	Arthur Rhodes – President Jack Garner – Vice President								
Prin		Peter Williams – General Manager								
$\mathbf{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}}$		Greg Williams – Distribution Manager								
R		Bradley Devine – Secretary Treasurer								
oka		Office Personnel:								
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Information about your Drinking Water The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.
Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 800-426-4791.
 Contaminants that may be present in source water include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
 Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff,
 and residential uses. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.
Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.
You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lesson the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 800-426-4791.
If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components.
When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead

Definitions:	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.
Action Level:	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Action Level Goal (ALG):	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.
Avg	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum residual disinfectant level MRDL	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MFL	Million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)
mrem	Millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

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na	Not applicable
NTU	Nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)
pCi/L	Picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
ppb	Micrograms per liter or parts per billion – or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water
ppm	Milligrams per liter or parts per million – or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water
ppq	Parts per quadrillion, or pictograms per liter (pg/L)
ppt	Parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)
Treatment Technique or TT	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Information about Source Water

Culleoka WSC purchases water from the City of Princeton. The City of Princeton provides purchase surface water from NTMWD – Lake Lavon located in Collin County.

TCEQ has completed a Source Water Assessment for all drinking water systems that own their sources. The report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with your drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system, contact Tony McClain, (972) 782-6257.

For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following URL: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/gis/swaview</u>

Further details about sources and source water assessments are available in Drinking Water Watch at the following URL: http://dww2.tceq.texas.gov/DWW/

CITY OF PRINCETON- #0430008 -WATER QUALITY DATA FOR YEAR 2023

	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90 th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2023	1.3	1.3	0.837	0	ppm	Ν	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	2023	0	15	3	0	ppb	Ν	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.
water is primarily from mater materials used in plumbing c	rials and compon omponents. Whe ooking. If you are	ents associated with ser n your water has been s e concerned about lead	vice lines and home plumb itting for several hours, yo	ing. NTMWD is ou can minimize sh to have your	responsible the potenti water tested	le for provi al for lead d. Informat	ding high quali exposure by flu ion on lead in o	ant women and young children. Lead in drinking ty drinking water, but cannot control the variety of ishing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before irinking water, testing methods, and steps you car r/lead.
Disinfectants and Disinfection By- Products	Collection Date	Highest Level or Average Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)*	2023	19	7.8-21.5	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
*The value in the Highest Le	evel or Average	Detected column is th	e highest average of all	HAA5 sample	results col	lected at a	a location over	a year
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2023	40	8.97 - 38.3	No goal for the total	80	ppb	Ν	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
	0		0 0		results co	llected at a	a location ove	r a year
*The value in the Highest Le CITY OF PRINCETO	N – WATEF							
*The value in the Highest Le CITY OF PRINCETO Inorganic Contaminants	N – WATEF Collection Date	Highest Level or Average Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination

CULLEOKA WSC - #0430030 - Lead and Copper For Year 2023

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90 th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2023	1.3	1.3	0.857	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	2023	0	15	1.46	0	ppb	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.

2023 Water Quality Test Results

CULLEOKA WSC – #0430030 - Regulated Contaminants Detected

	Collineora wsc - #0450050 - Regulated Containmants Detected							
Disinfectants and	Collection	Highest	Range of	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Disinfection By-	Date	Level or	Individual					
Products		Average	Samples					
		Detected	•					
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)*	2023	19	7.6 - 18.3	No goal for the total	60	ppb	Ν	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
*The value in the High	nest Level or Av	erage Detected	d column is the high	est average of all	HAA5 sam	ple results c	collected at a lo	cation over a year.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2023	45	10.4-35.6	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
*The value in the High	nest Level or Av	erage Detected	l column is the high	est average of all	TTHM sam	ple results	collected at a lo	ocation over a year.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level or Average Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2023	0.0824	0.0824 - 0.0824	10	10	ppm	Ν	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.

CULLEOKA WSC - #0430030 - Disinfectant Residual Table

Disinfectant	Year	Average	Minimum	Maximum	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of	Violation	Likely Source of
		Level	Level	Level			Measure	(Y/N)	Contamination
Chloramine	2023	2.25	.60	3.40	4	4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

CITY OF PRINCETON – #0430008 – Violations

VIOLATION TYPE	Violation Begin	Violation End	Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE, MINOR (RTCR)	10/01/2023	2023	We missed the original water testing deadline required by the TCEQ.

CULLEOKA WSC - #0430030 - Violations

VIOLATION TYPE	Violation Begin	Violation End	Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE, MINOR (RTCR)	08/01/2023	08/31/2023	We missed the original water testing deadline required by the TCEQ.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Culleoka Water Supply Corp.

Our system failed to collect every required coliform sample. Although this incident was not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did (are doing) to correct this situation.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether our drinking water meets health standards. During **8/2023**, we did not monitor or test for coliform bacteria and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do currently. You may continue to drink the water. If a situation arises where water is no longer safe to drink, we are required to notify you within 24 hours.

What is being done?

In September 2023, samples were taken and passed as normal. The TCEQ form was completed incorrectly, which by TCEQ standards, negated the record of passing results.

CWSC collected every required coliform sample in October 2023, which passed by TCEQ standards. CWSC is no longer in violation.

For more information, please contact Culleoka Water Supply Corp. at 972-736-2592.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Culleoka Water Supply Corp. Public Water System ID: 0430030. Date distributed: 10/16/2024